

# Unconventional LiDAR Mapping from Air, Mobile and Terrestrial

Juha Hyppä

[www.fgi.fi/coelar](http://www.fgi.fi/coelar)  
[juha.hyppa@fgi.fi](mailto:juha.hyppa@fgi.fi)  
 Papers: Google Scholar



Stuttgart, September 11, 2013



## Centre of Excellence in Laser Scanning Research

**Finnish Geodetic Institute**, **Juha Hyppä**, Professor, (Remote Sensing and Photogrammetry), Head of Department, D.Sc. (El. Eng.).

**University of Oulu**, **Juha Kostamovaara**, Academy Professor (Electronics), Head of Electronics Laboratory

**University of Helsinki**, **Markus Holopainen**, Professor, (Geoinformatics), D.Sc. (Surveying), PhD (Forest Inventory).

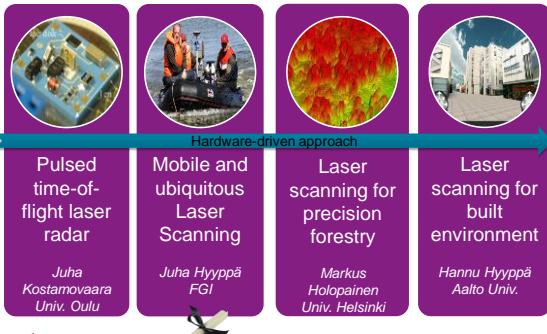
**Aalto University**, **Hannu Hyppä**, Head of Research Institute of Measuring and Modelling of Built Environment, adjunct. prof., D.Sc. (Civ.Eng.)



1.1.2014-31.12.2019



## Together “what is otherwise impossible”



## Unconventional LiDAR Mapping from the air

Anttoni Jaakkola, Yuwei Chen, Juha Hyppä, Xiaowei Yu

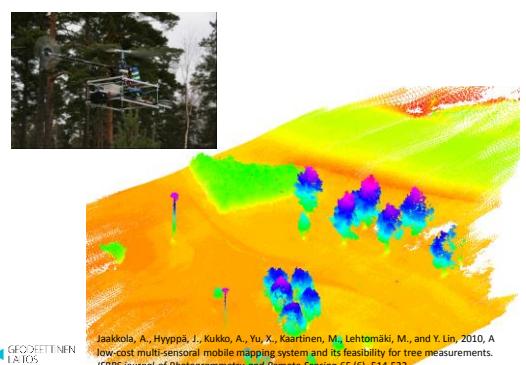


## UAV LS – 2<sup>nd</sup> generation FGI system



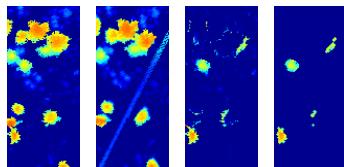
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## UAV-based Laser Scanning SENSEI



Jaakkola, A., Hyppä, J., Kukko, A., Yu, X., Kaartinen, M., Lehtomäki, M., and Y. Lin, 2010, A low-cost multi-sensor mobile mapping system and its feasibility for tree measurements. *ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing* 65 (6), 514-522.

## UAV LS is usable for multitemporal studies

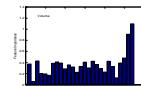


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## Use of Individual Tree Features in ABA

Accuracy of area-based inventory based on three different feature sets.

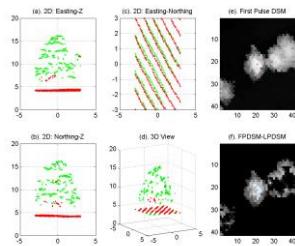
	Bias	RMSE	RMSE (%)	R
<b>With all features</b>				
Mean height (m)	4.00	1.10	6.15	0.98
Mean DBH (cm)	0.00	2.91	16.07	0.89
Volume (m³/ha)	0.24	30.05	20.32	0.96
<b>With point height metrics</b>				
Mean height (m)	-4.03	1.25	6.99	0.98
Mean DBH (cm)	0.02	3.02	16.65	0.88
Volume (m³/ha)	0.13	<b>37.56</b>	<b>25.41</b>	0.93
<b>Individual-tree-based features</b>				
Mean height (m)	-4.00	1.24	6.97	0.98
Mean DBH (cm)	-0.06	3.54	19.54	0.83
Volume (m³/ha)	-1.06	<b>30.16</b>	<b>20.40</b>	0.96



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## First-Last Pulse Difference

### Deciduous Trees



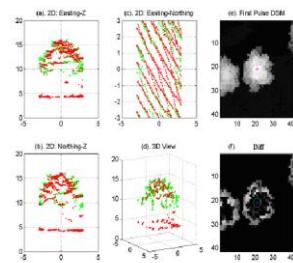
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First pulses: in green; Last pulses: in red

Courtesy to X. Liang, FG

## First-Last Pulse Difference

### Coniferous



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Courtesy to X. Liang, FG

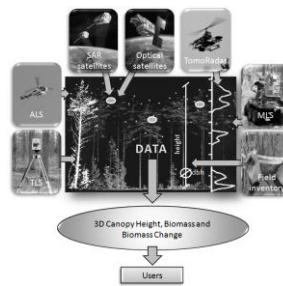
## State-of-the-art of Forest Inventory

- Dominant canopy height in large areas with ALS
  - Processing level either microstand or tree level
- Canopy Height of other storeys
  - Point cloud metrics (ABA) or ITD
- Reference
  - MLS
  - MLS
  - field plots
- Tree Species:
  - LS point cloud,
  - aerial image,
  - hyperspectral aerial image,
  - waveform,
  - LS time series
- Multispectral ALS is needed (boreal zone, 3-4 tree species needs to be mapped)

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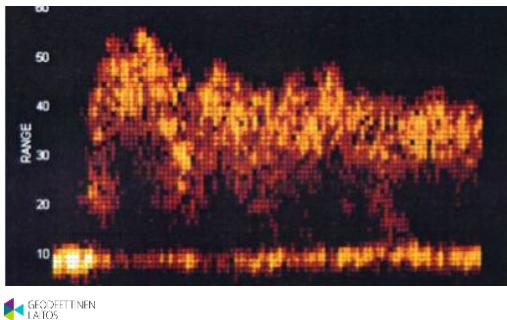
## UAV Tomoradar



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## Output of UAV TomoRadar



## Unconventional LiDAR Mapping from mobile

Antero Kukko, Harri Kaartinen, Anttoni Jaakkola, Yuwei Chen, Xinlian Liang, Juha Hyppä, Hannu Hyppä (Aalto), Matti Vaaja (Aalto)



## Backpack MLS – 2<sup>nd</sup> generation

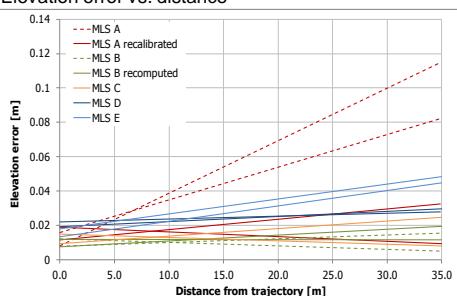


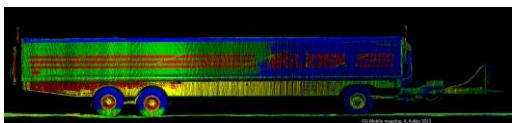
## FGI Roamer – 3<sup>rd</sup> generation



## Accuracy of MLS in good GNSS

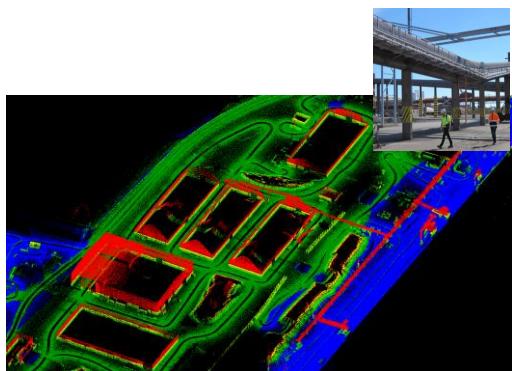
- Elevation error vs. distance





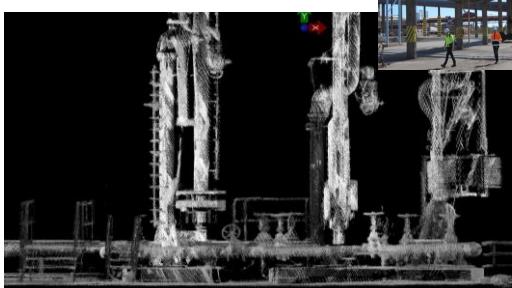
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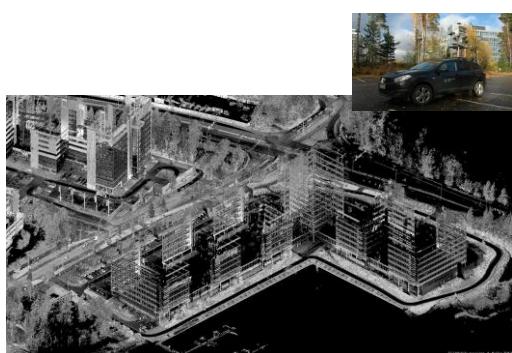


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FJ Mobile mapping, A. Kello (2013)



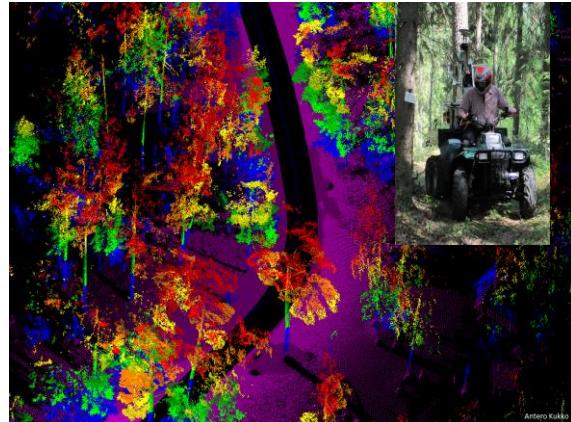
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## TLS/MLS with harvester



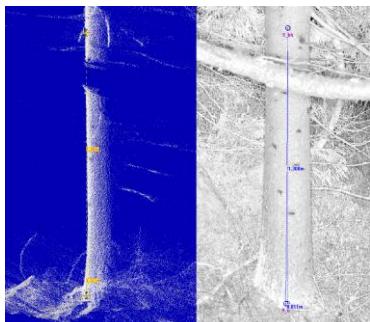
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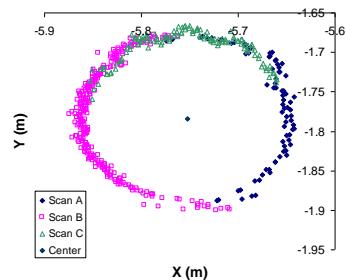
Antero Kukko

## Dbh determination



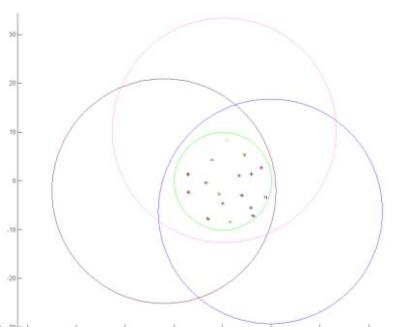
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- SS: only part of the trunk detected, diameter estimation not accurate
- MS: diameter estimated from matched point clouds



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### Multi-Single-Scan



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### Multi-Single-Scan



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## The results of stem mapping using the MSS method

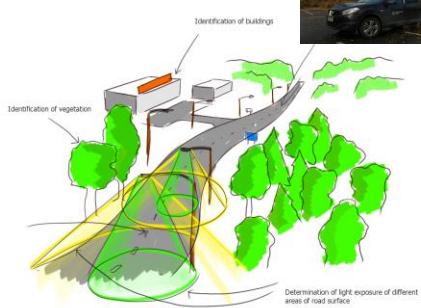
Plot	1	2	3	4	5
Density (stems/ha)	605	732	764	764	1210
Detection (mapped stem /the total) (%)	18/19	23/23	22/24	24/24	35/38
DBH					
Bias (cm)	0.69	0.23	0.70	0.11	0.63
RMSE (cm)	0.90	1.64	1.90	0.97	1.79
RMSE (%)	5.16	7.72	9.77	5.26	9.84
Height					
Bias (m)	1.16	2.11	1.69	1.95	-0.34
RMSE (m)	2.04	6.53	3.74	3.16	4.58
RMSE (%)	12.47	34.11	21.21	22.02	26.34

## The volume estimation using automatic TLS measurements and Laasasenaho volume models

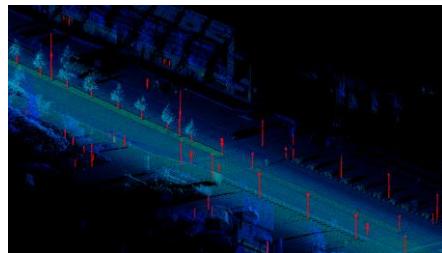
	Volume	Species	Bias (dm <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE (dm <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE (%)	R
TLS	Pine		-0.91	24.24	8.88	0.98
	Spruce		-12.49	34.90	9.75	0.99
	All		-5.87	29.29	9.47	0.99
f(d,d6,h)	Pine		-5.37	21.97	8.04	0.99
	Spruce		-12.66	36.17	10.11	1.00
	All		-8.50	28.92	9.35	0.99
f(d,h)	Pine		-6.85	29.41	10.77	0.98
	Spruce		-0.53	36.68	10.25	0.99
	All		-4.14	32.72	10.57	0.99



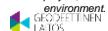
## MLS in road lightning mapping



## Traffic pole recognition



Pole-type object derived from mobile mapping point clouds by an automatic process. In the project, we further develop object extraction methods for documenting of the road environment.



## Cultural heritage mapping



## A Step Forward



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## Unconventional LiDAR Mapping from terrestrial

Yuwei Chen, Teemu Hakala, Anttoni Jaakkola, Xinlian Liang,  
Sanna Kaasalainen, Juha Hyppä



### Defoilation

- TLS measurement (number of points very high, ab. 1 M hits from one tree)
- Pine tree selected, simulation of the needle loss caused by Large pine sawfly (*Diprion pini*)
- Manual destructive removal of needles in six consecutive steps, weight of removed needles measured with accuracy of 2g. The original weight of the tree measured. TLS was recording the pine tree after each step
- Voxel model created
- Additionally, features calculated such as
  - Number of tree hits from the tree above a threshold
  - Relation of tree hits (tree hits divided by the total number of hits)
  - Number of ground hits



### Use of TLS

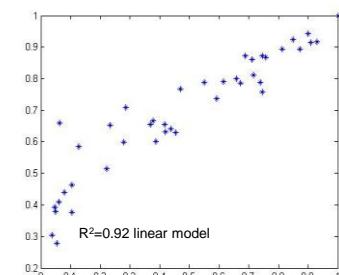
- Single scan/Multi Scan
- Trunk location
- Trunk diameters and trunk curves
- Tree Species
- ALS + TLS integration



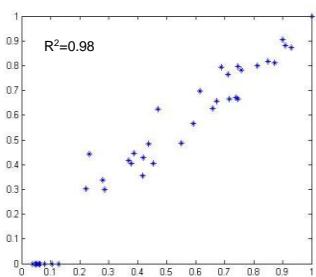
Courtesy to H. Kaartinen, FG



### Total biomass



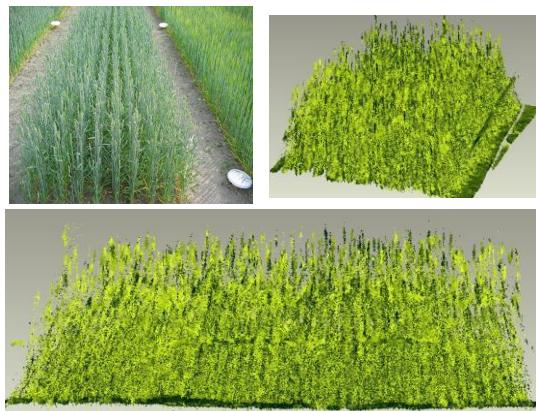
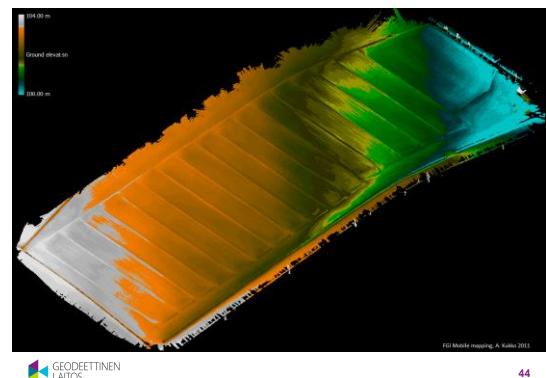
### Branch and needle biomass



### Crop Inventory

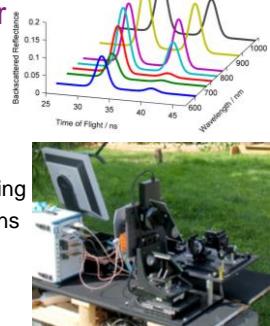


Kemira's test site in Vihti



### Hyperspectral Lidar

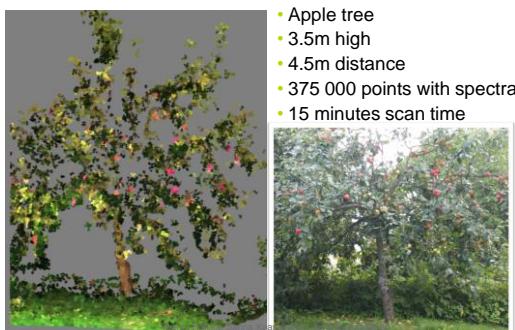
- Supercontinuum laser & laser scanning
- Hyperspectral LiDAR prototype
- Data example & processing
- Environmental applications



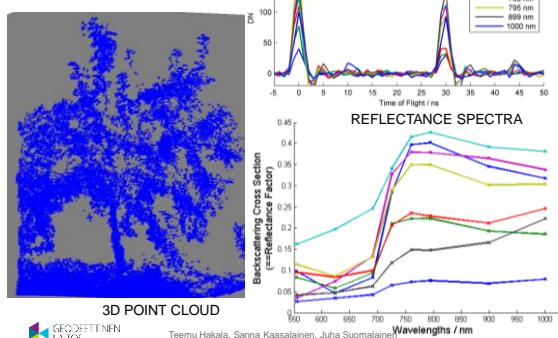
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Teemu Hakala, Sanna Kaasalainen, Juha Suomalainen

### Example of Measurement Data



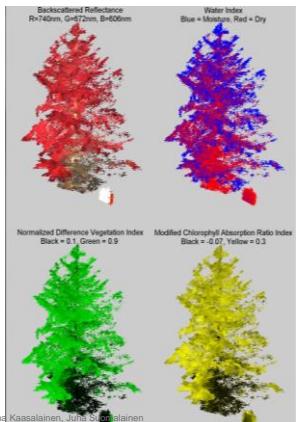
### Data



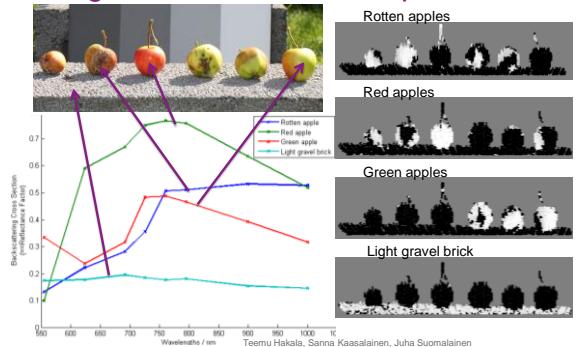
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Teemu Hakala, Sanna Kaasalainen, Juha Suomalainen

## Applications



## Target classification example



## Technology and applications of virtual 3D models using mobile mapping and 3D games engines

Juha Hyppä, Anttoni Jaakkola and Lingli Zhu



## Automatic generation of virtual reality



## Summary

- Unconventional usage of LS actually means that you can use laser scanning/LiDAR in a wide range of problems, applications and phenomena.

