

# Power Line Mapping: Data Acquisition with a Specialized Multi-Sensor Platform

Jens Kremer, Stuttgart, 7.9.2011

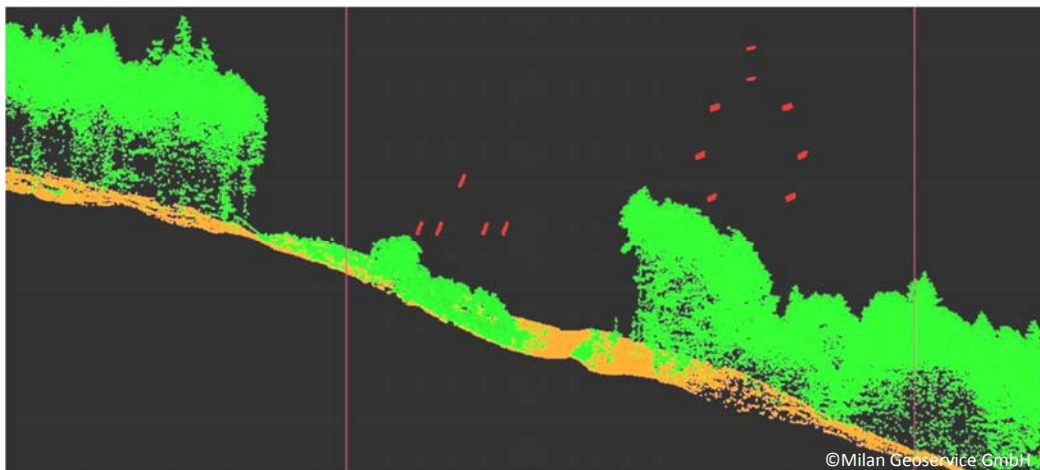


53<sup>rd</sup> Photogrammetric Week

## Power Line Mapping

### LiDAR:

- Direct measurement of the wire shapes
- Direct measurement the distance to proximate vegetation etc.
- Powerful tools to distinguish vegetation from other features



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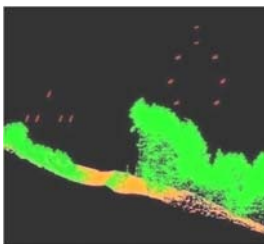
# Power Line Mapping

## Photos:

- Interpretation / visual inspection
- Photogrammetry

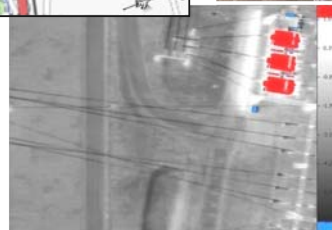
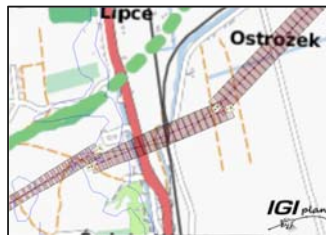


# Power Line Mapping



... what else?

- Efficiency / Performance
- Flexibility /Modularity
- Additional Products



# Power Line Mapping

## IGIs Modular LiDAR Mapping Systems:

LITE **M**APPER

RAIL **M**APPER

STREET **M**APPER



Standard *LiteMapper*



*LiteMapper Multi  
Sensor Platform*

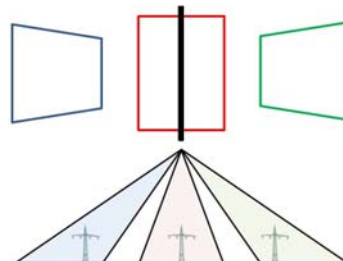


# Power Line Mapping

## General Remarks

### System Description

- Navigation, Flight Guidance
- GNSS/IMU
- LiDAR
- Cameras
- Add. Sensors



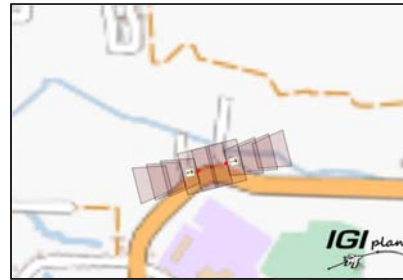
## Example Project MGGP Aero



# Mission Planning and Navigation

## Standard power line missions:

- Visual navigation
- Important: true LiDAR height
- Mission Planning with *IGIplan*



## Complex power lines, underground pipelines, area mapping etc:

- CCNS5 & *IGIplan*



# AEROcontrol

## IMU-Ile

Weight	2.2 kg
Data rate	400Hz
Gyro drift	0.03°/h

## System accuracy

Position:	< 0.05m
Velocity:	0.005m/s
Roll/Pitch:	0.003°
Heading:	0.007°



# AEROcontrol

## AERROcontrol options and features

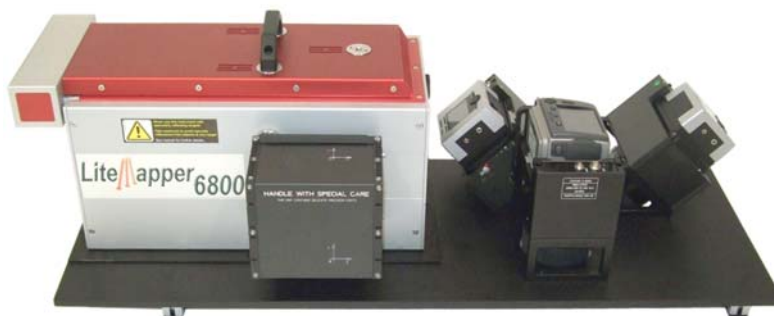
- SMU integrated
- Multiple sensor support
- GPS & GLONASS
- DIA (Direct Inertial Aiding)
- OmniSTAR HP
- *TERRAcontrol* option



# LiDAR

## Laser Scanner

- Full wave form
- Max. range 3000m
- Eff. measurement rate 266.000 meas/sec



# DigiCAM

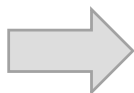
50 or 60 Mpixel

6 $\mu$ m pixel pitch

1.6s repetition time

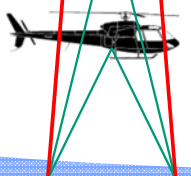
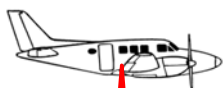
Lenses: 28mm to 300mm

Option: 1.2s @ 40 Mpixel



# DigiCAM

*DigiCAM with 300mm lens*

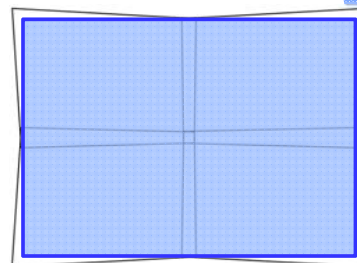


GSD = 8cm @ 4000m altitude

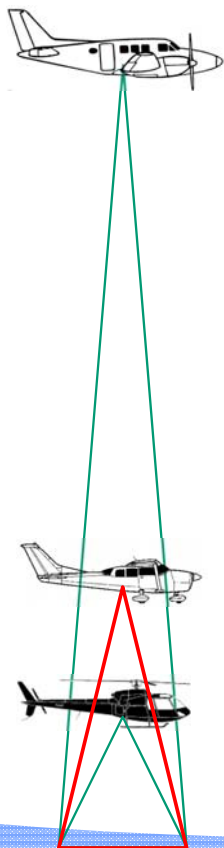


# DigiCAM

*Quattro-DigiCAM with 100mm lens*

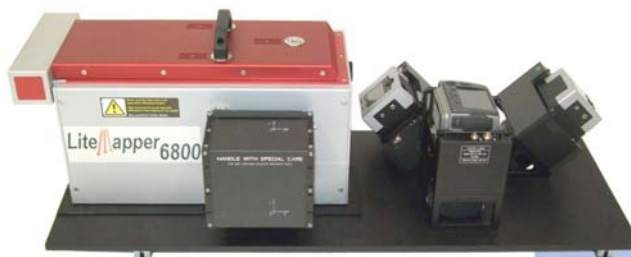


GSD = 5cm @ 830m altitude

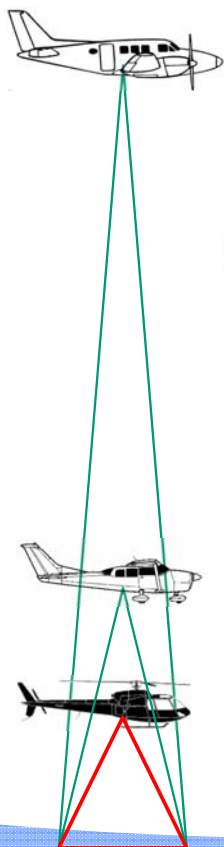


# DigiCAM

*DigiCAM with 50mm lens in a LiteMapper*



GSD = 5 cm @ 420m altitude  
FOV adapted to the scanner FOV



# DigiCAM



*DigiCAM with 28mm lens in an UAV*



GSD = 2 cm @ 93m altitude

# DigiCAM



User Interface: 8.5" or 15" Touchscreen

Storage Capacity (SSD): 500 GB / 5800 Images (60 Mpix, 16bit)

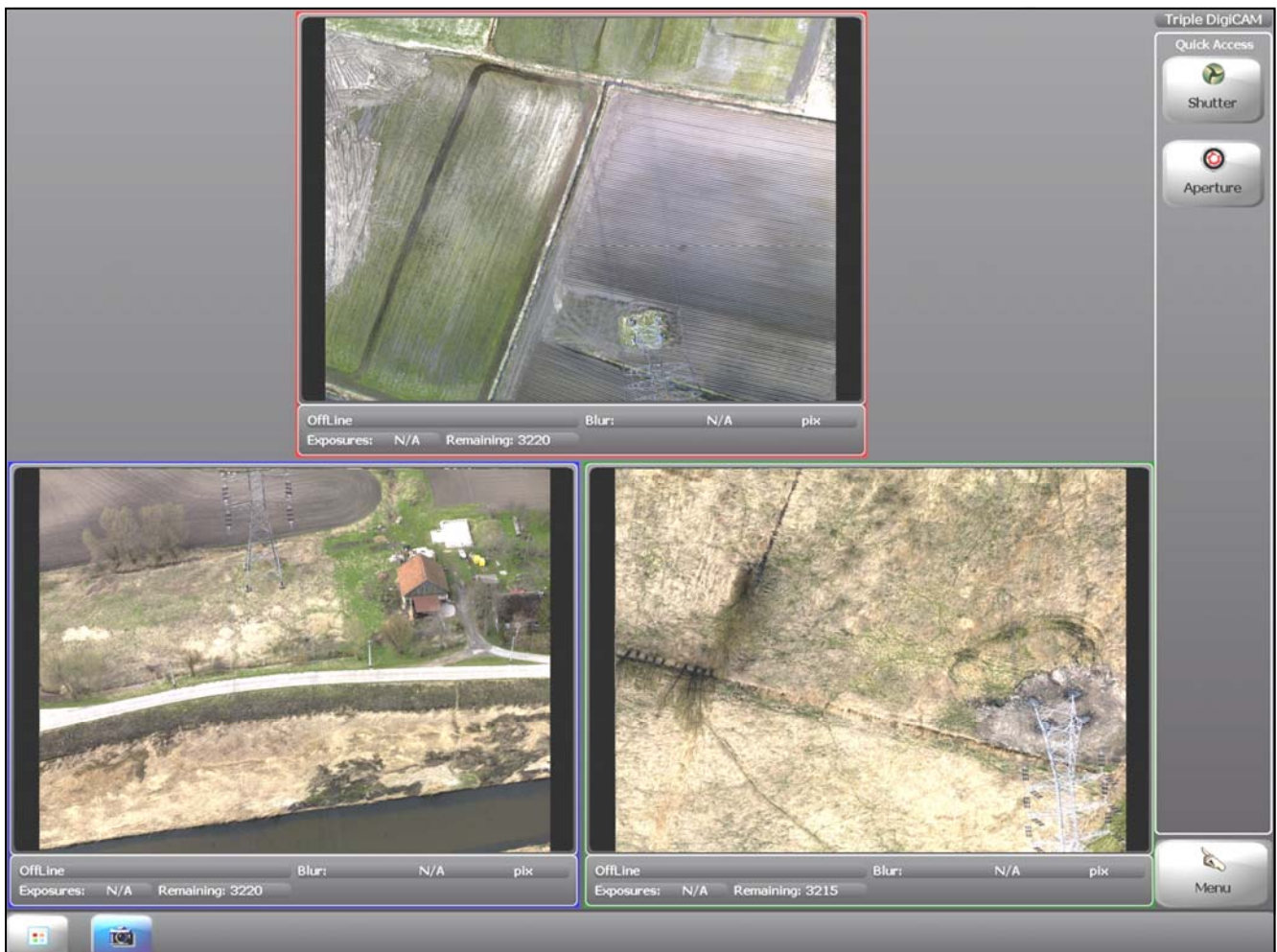




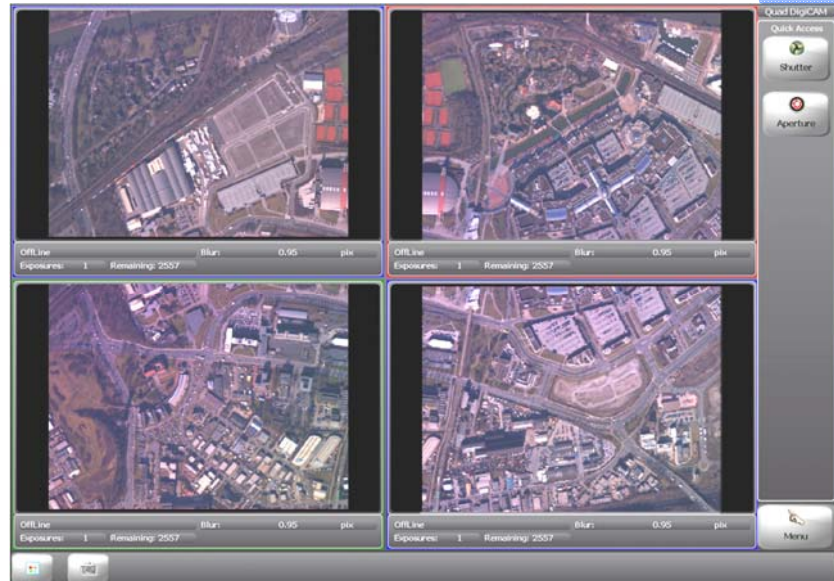
# SMUs - Sensor Managemet Units

## Operation of multiple sensors with SMUs

- scalable
- direct interconnection
- operation via one user interface



# Quattro DigiCAM



## Camera Orientation and Mission Planning

Flying height: 150m

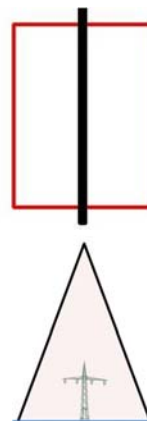
Speed: 50kn

LiDAR swath: 170m

Focal length: 50mm

Image width (nadir): 150m

Overlap: > 60%



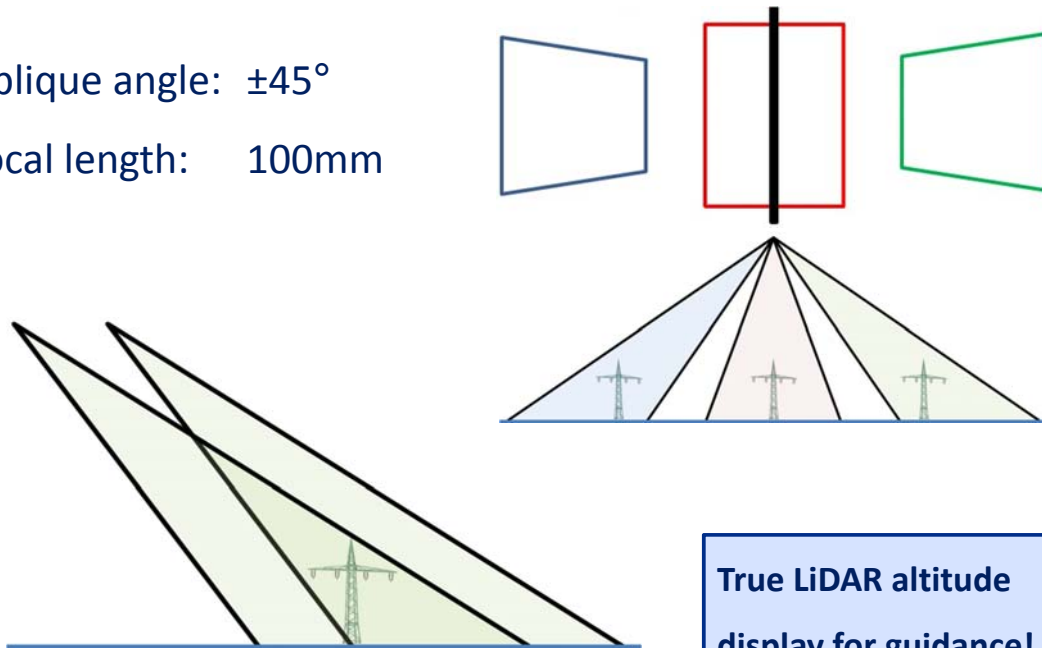


# Camera Orientation and Mission Planning



Oblique angle:  $\pm 45^\circ$

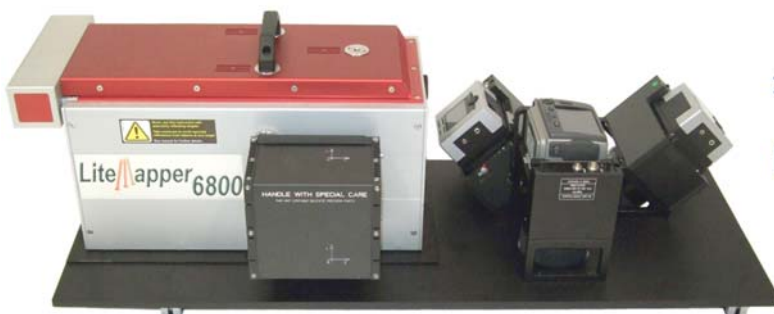
Focal length: 100mm



One oblique image with the complete pole  
@ 50m and 150m altitude

True LiDAR altitude  
display for guidance!

# Camera Orientation and Mission Planning



$\pm 45^\circ$  DigiCAM 100mm

Nadir DigiCAM 50mm



# Additional Sensors

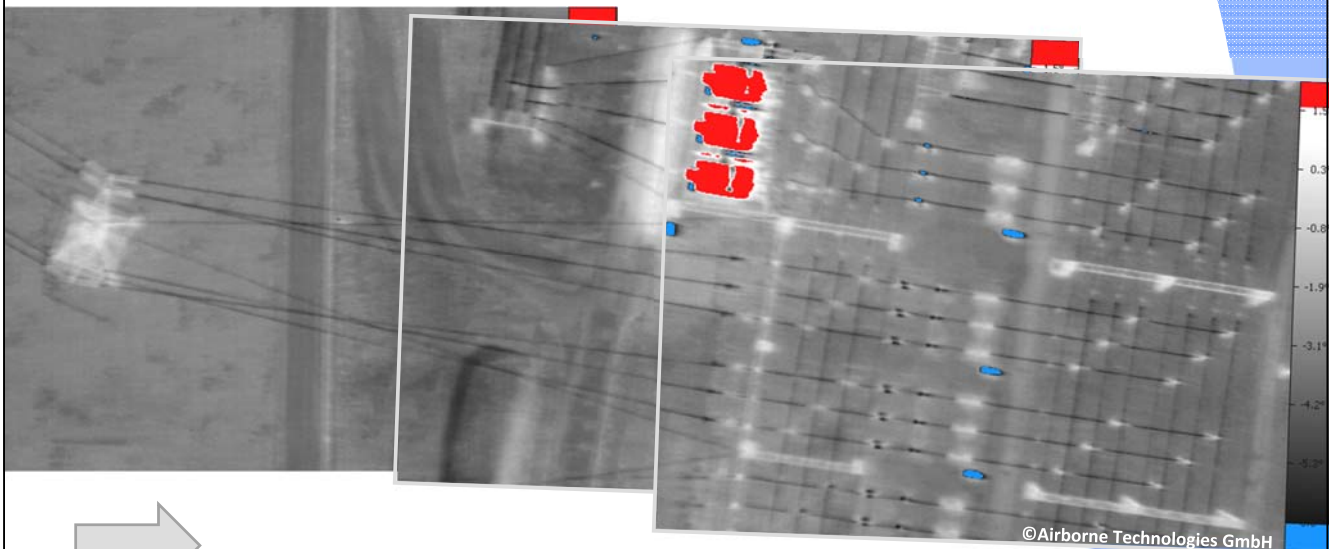
## For example

- Optical cameras with other properties or orientations
- *DigiTHERM* thermal cameras
- Hyperspectral sensors
- Video cameras ...



# Additional Sensors

## *DigiTHERM* power line images



# Installation and Certification



# Installation and Certification

Camera equipment and *AEROcontrol* is qualified under the

- EUROCAE ED-14E: ENVIRONMENTAL QUALIFICATION FORM (RTCA DO-160E, Environmental Conditions and Test Procedures for Airborne Equipment)

For the installation of the *LiteMapper* Multi Sensor Platform in different configurations in an AS350 helicopter an EASA

- STC (Supplement Type Certificate)

exists. This document includes

- Aircraft Flight Manual Approval
- Change Note
- Flight Manual Supplement
- Installation Instruction.

# Project Example



**Operator:**  , Poland

**Task:** Capturing 8800km of power line for the operator of the high power transmission system in Poland

**Mission Time:** Two flying seasons  
(June & August 2010 and June & August 2011)

# Project Example

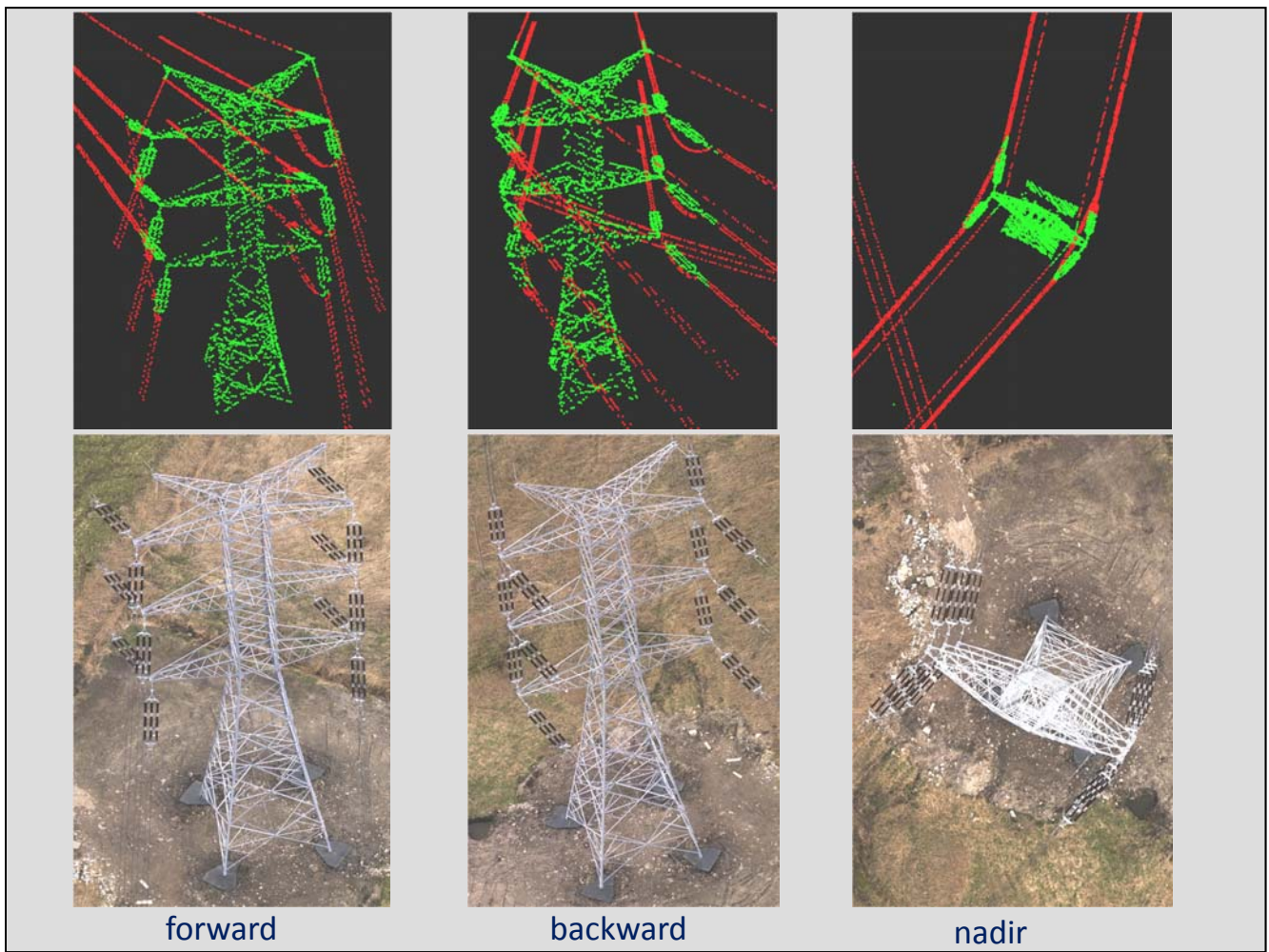


## **Products to be delivered:**

- The classified LiDAR point cloud (power line, poles, ground, vegetation ...)
- The digitized power lines
- Shape files with the pole positions
- Oblique images of the poles (forward)
- Oblique images of the poles (backward)
- An orthophoto mosaic of an 80m wide corridor around the line

**All products have to be delivered within 20 days after data collection.**



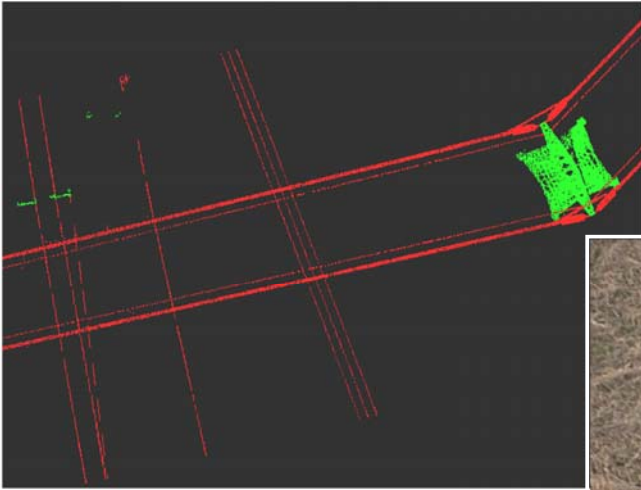


## Direct Georeferencing with *AEROcontrol*





## Project Example



## Project Example



# Project Example

## Project status (early summer 2011):

- Three quarters of the data were delivered successfully
- The last quarter is currently flown and processed



# Conclusion I

The combination of LiDAR with aerial cameras is a **successful method** for inspection and mapping of power lines.

## Optimal integration of the core components

- Scanner
- GNSS/IMU and
- Camera(s)

with modules like data storage, user interface, mission planning and navigation tools are **essential for an efficient and successful operation.**

The **integration of additional sensors** and functions, like

- Oblique cameras
- Video cameras
- Thermal sensors

to a modular survey system **allow a flexible reaction** to new trends and requirements.



## Conclusion II



The MGGP Aero project example illustrates the **high efficiency** of a *LiteMapper* Multi Sensor Platform.

As much as nearly 9000km of power line, resulting in about half a million images is captured within two flying seasons (30-40 days) with a single system.

