

# Today's Orthophoto Production - The Business Model

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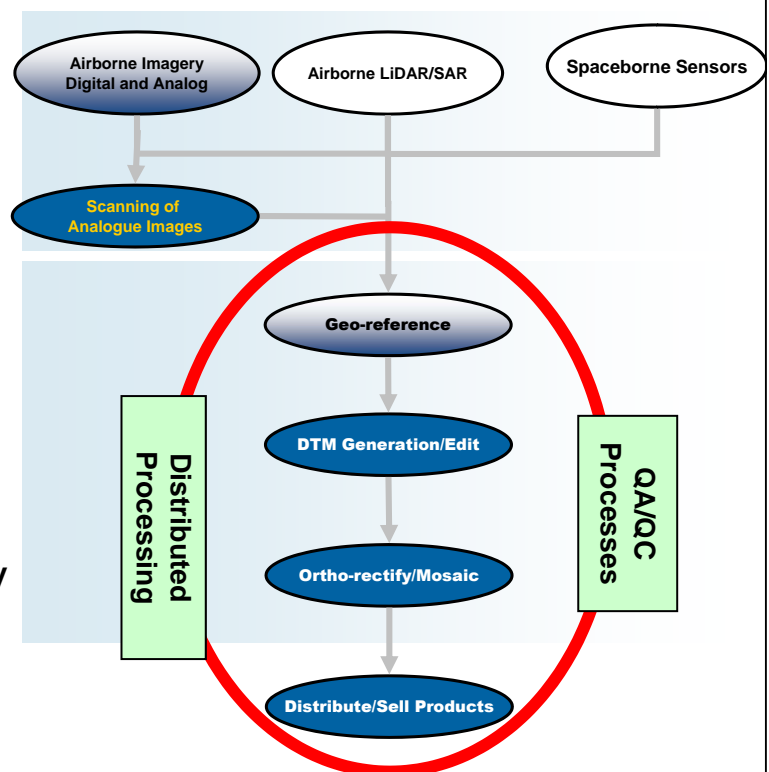
Images Courtesy of Stereocarto, Spain; PhotoScience, USA; AAM Hatch PTY Ltd., Australia



## Presentation Outline

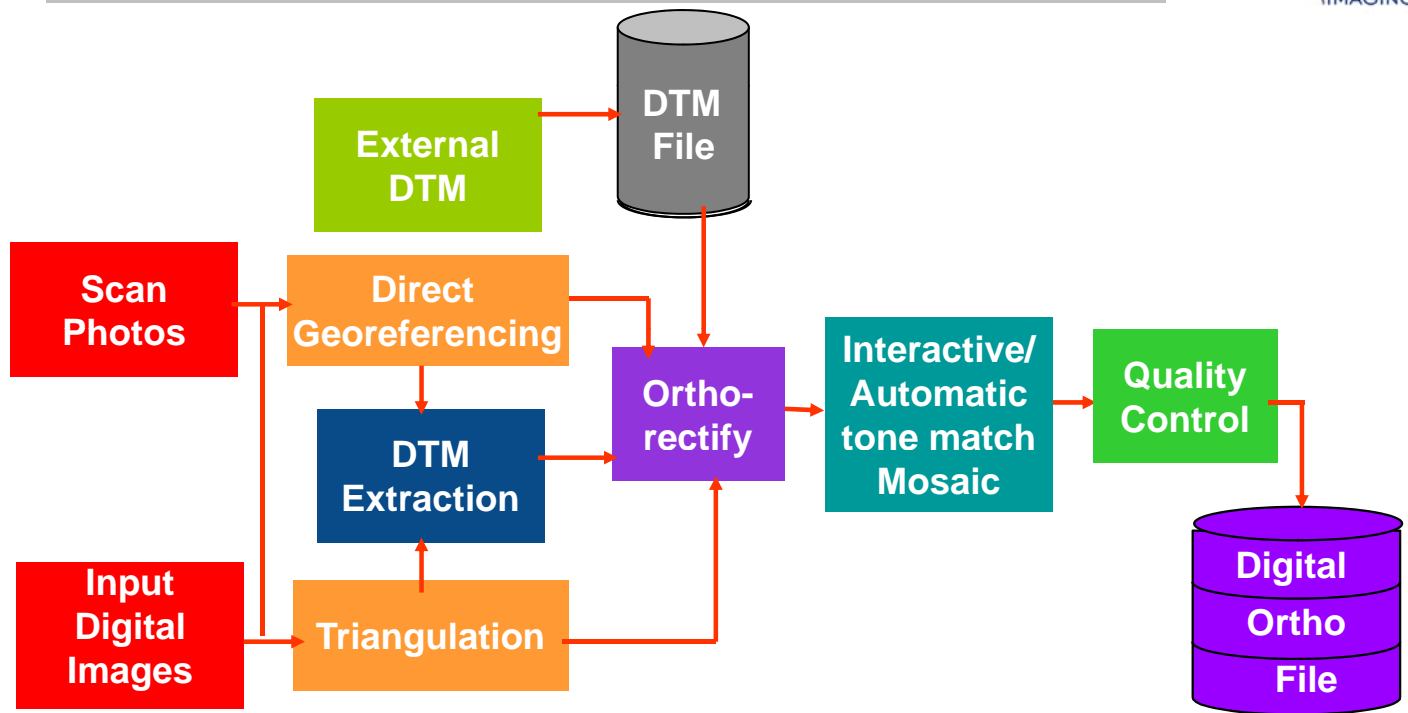


- Background
- Industry Trends
- Orthophoto Production
  - OrthoPro
  - PixelQue
- Production Issues
- Enterprise Photogrammetry
  - PixelPipe
- Summary





# Orthophoto Workflow



## Digital Imagery

### Facts

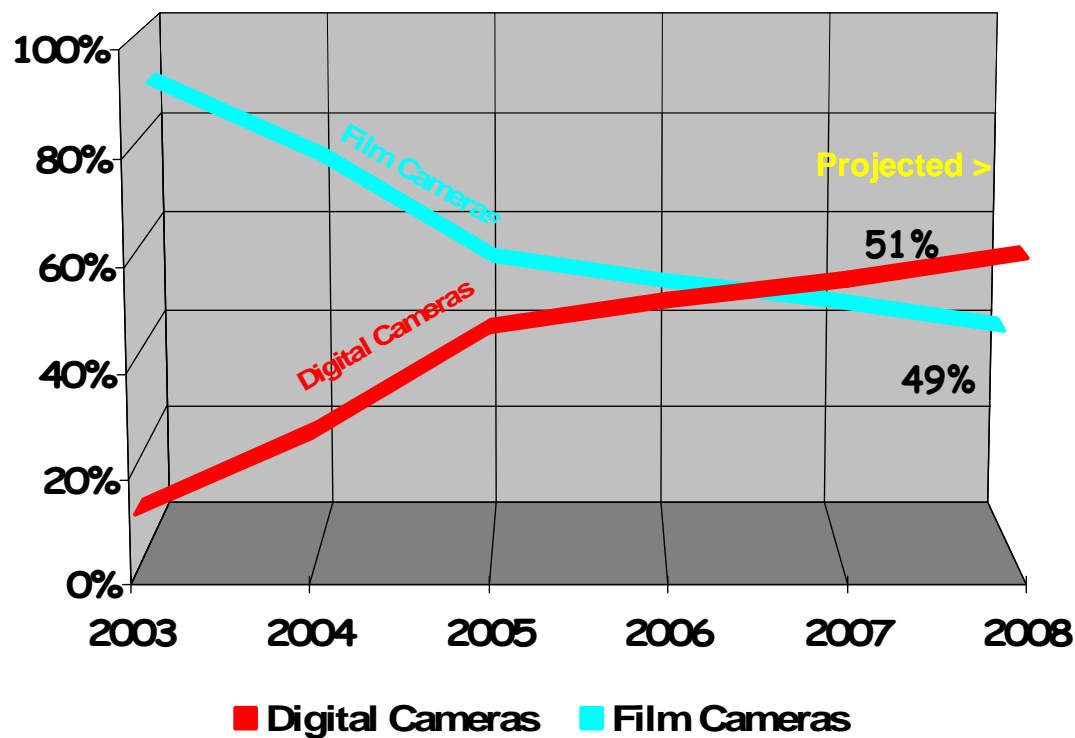
- 150,000 or more frames per year are acquired by digital camera owners
- Request for higher resolution and multi spectral imagery will increase
- Request for rapid response on natural disasters
- Teaming of photo flyers
- Large image programs will go fully digital during the next 3 years
  - National Agricultural Image Program and Imagery for the Nation
  - Microsoft, Google

### Issues

- Downstream processing of imagery is a bottleneck
- How to manage, store, view, archive and distribute the data?
- Reduce cost / project time
- Improve QA/QC processes, less rework
- Need for automated and efficient production tools
- Demand for instant access to enterprise data through intranet as well as internet



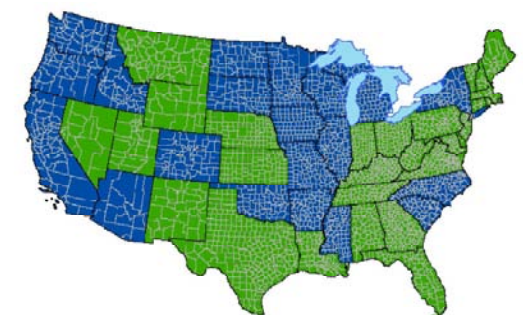
# Industry Trends: Digital vs. Film Cameras



## Industry Trends

- A trend to larger orthophoto projects and shorter project times
  - USDA National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP)
    - Collect 1 and 2 meter natural color and color infrared imagery for the entire continental United States on a 1-year refresh cycle
    - 20% 1 meter and 80% 2 meter
    - Deliver imagery in the year of acquisition
  - Ordnance Survey, GB
    - 25cm national orthophotos
    - 3 to 5 year refresh cycle
  - IGN Spain
    - National orthophoto program

2006 NAIP DIGITAL OR FILM ACQUISITION AREAS



DIGITAL ACQUISITION  
FILM ACQUISITION

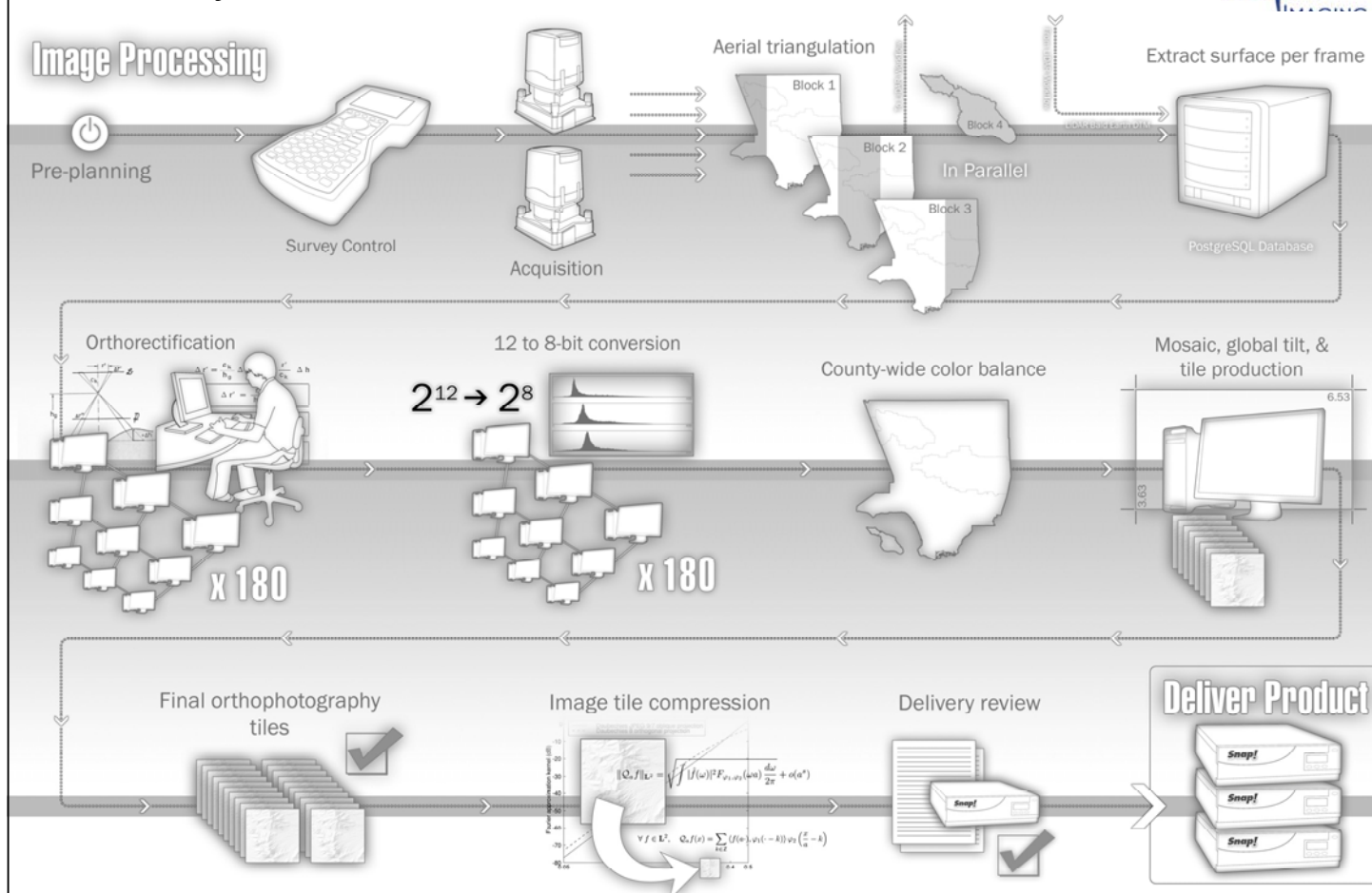


# Industry Trends - Imagery for the Nation

- **Vision** – Provide sustainable and flexible digital imagery program that meets the needs of local, state, regional, tribal and federal agencies.
- **Program Cost** – Approximately \$111 million per year or \$333 million during the first 3-year.

Ground Resolution	6-inch	1-foot	1-meter
Image Type	Natural Color	Natural Color	Natural Color
Leaf On or Off	On	On	Off
Cloud Cover	0%	0%	10%
Horizontal Accuracy	2.5' @ 95% NSSDA	5' @ 95% NSSDA	25' @ 95% NSSDA
Frequency	Every 3 years	Every 3 Years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Every Year in 48 States</li> <li>▪ Every 5 Years in Alaska &amp; Hawaii</li> </ul>
Federal Program Steward	USGS	USGS	US Dept. of Agriculture except Alaska (USGS)

## County-wide Ortho Production Workflow

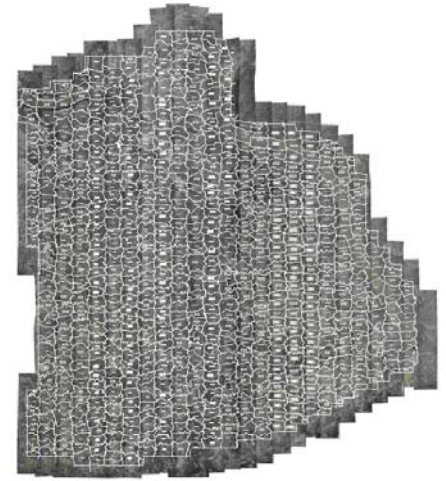




# Orthophoto Production

## ■ County-wide Jobs

- Typical size about 2,000 images
- Usually 8-bit color (RGB)
- Various type of DTMs (stereo compiled, filtered LiDAR, auto-correlated points, or a combination of these)
- 0.5 or 1.0 foot pixel resolution
- 2000 to 4000 tiles output delivery
- Final products 250 to 400 megabytes



## ■ Required Storage for Each Project

- 2.0 to 3.0 terabytes per ortho project
  - 0.5 to 1.0 terabytes for raw imagery
  - 1.0 to 1.5 terabytes for the ortho-rectified imagery
  - 0.5 terabytes for product tiles
- 6.0 to 8.0 terabytes for 3 or 4 simultaneous projects

# Orthophoto Production

## ■ Data Preparation

- Project setup
- Different DTMs (format, coordinate systems, accuracy, etc)
- Seamline generation

## ■ Overall Performance

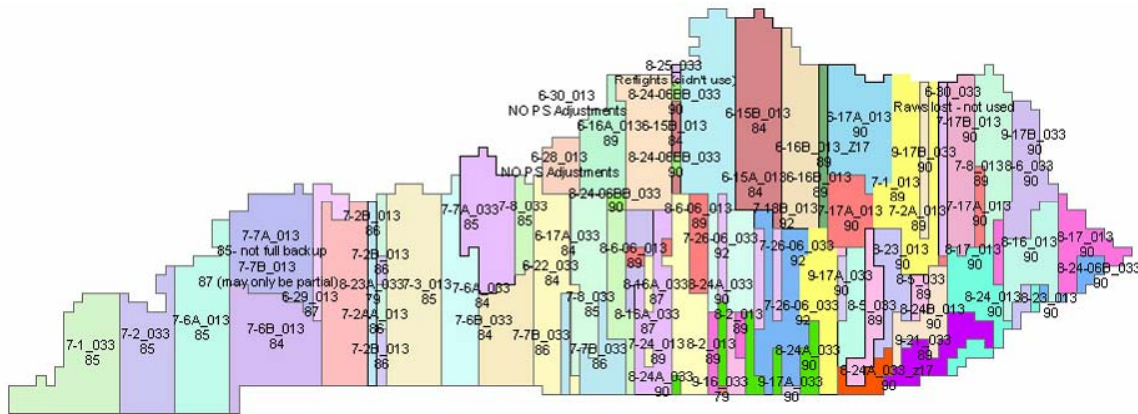
- 6 to 8 hours rectifying 1500 color exposures to 0.5 foot pixel resolution using 28 processing nodes
- 2 days dividing jobs to 3 to 4 parts for seamline editing and collection
- 4-8 hours to produce large mosaics with overviews (batch processing)
- 2 to 3 days - Quality control (manual)
- Complete county-wide project with 1500 exposures within two weeks

## ■ Generally, as many as 6 to 8 different projects working at various stages of completion



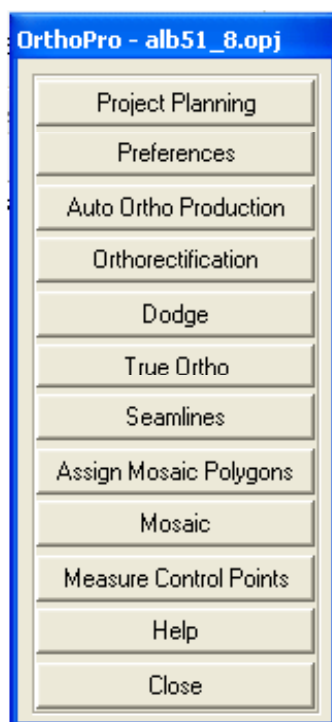
## State of Kentucky for NAIP

- Flights with two DMCs (from June 15 to September 21, 2006)
- 13,000 frames of photography flown at 20,000 ft
- DTMs (USGS) – 1280 files
- Automatic seamline, mosaicking, and tonal balancing on multiple computers
- 2,730 DOQQs tiled sheets @ 0.2 m pixel size
- Multiple computers (2Ghz, 2 GB RAM or higher) were used



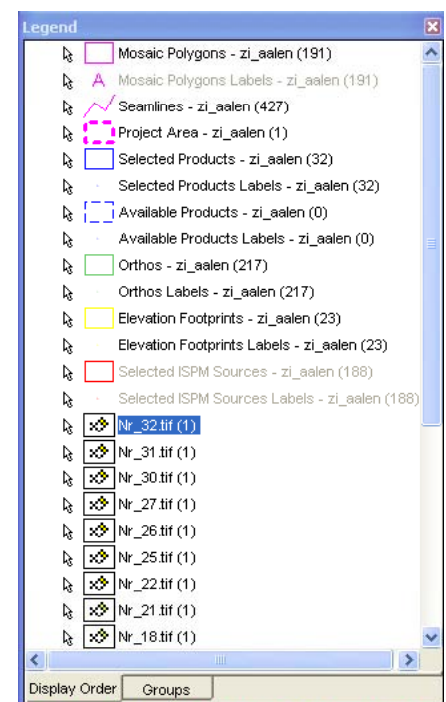
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## ImageStation OrthoPro



### Included functions:

- Project definition
- Rectification
- Seamlines
  - Manual
  - Automatic
  - Editing
- Mosaicking
- Dodging
- True Orthophoto
- Auto-Ortho Production

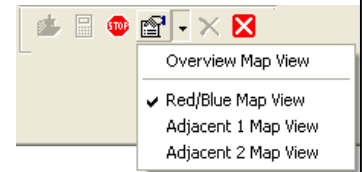
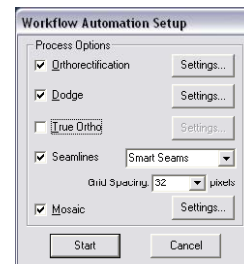
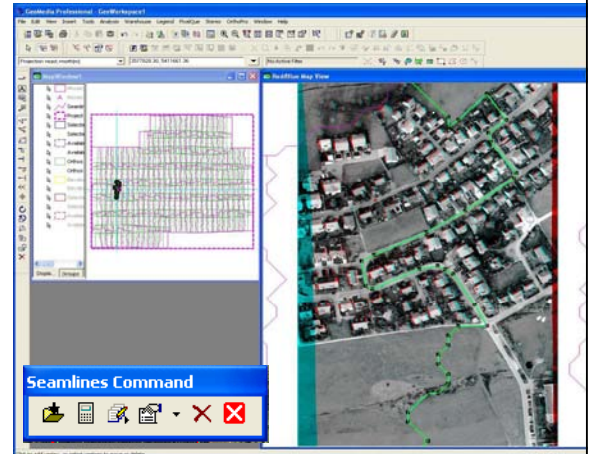


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# OrthoPro Features...

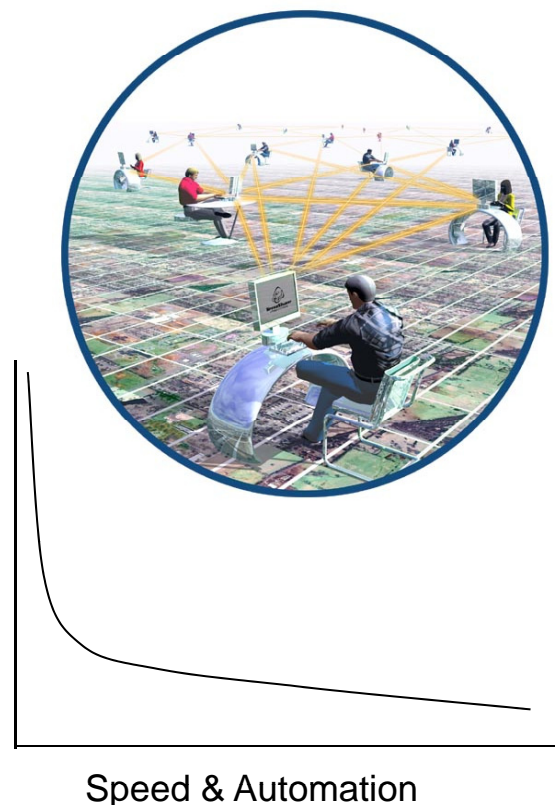
- Use different DTM formats/coordinate systems
- Different seamline generation methods
- Red/Blue Image display tool for drawing seams
- Perform digital dodging (4-band files, and full 16-bit files)
- Apply LUT during rectify and mosaic
- Tone match and radiometric balance
- Mosaic along user-defined seam lines
- Graphic product selection through quad boundaries
- Create multiple output products in a single run
- Build for NDOP (DOQ & DOQQ) and NAIP productions



# Why Distributed Processing?

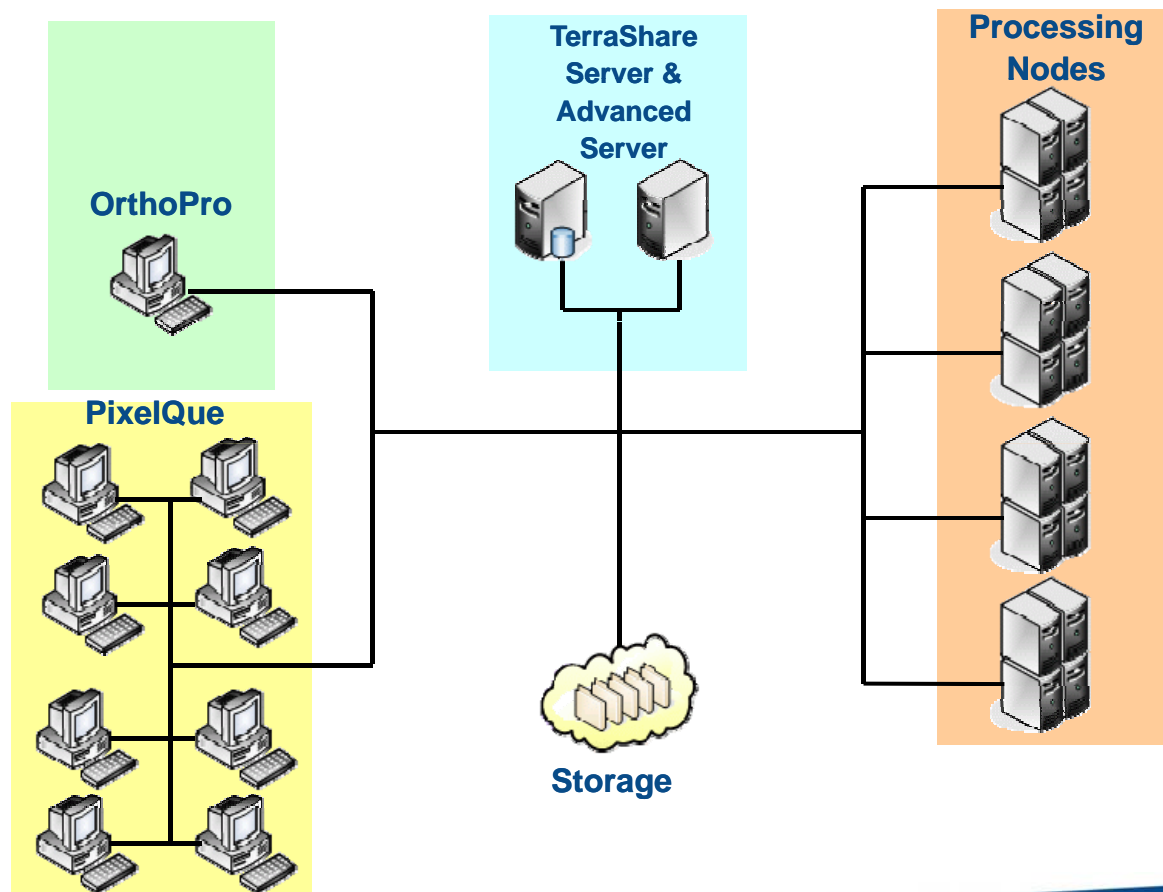
- **Reduce processing times linearly**
  - Shorten project turn around times
  - Full quality control
- **Use existing COTS TerraShare technology**
  - Plugs easily into existing TS installations
- **Easy to operate**
  - System distributes jobs automatically
- **Performance will depend on IO, Disk & network speed, etc.**

Costs

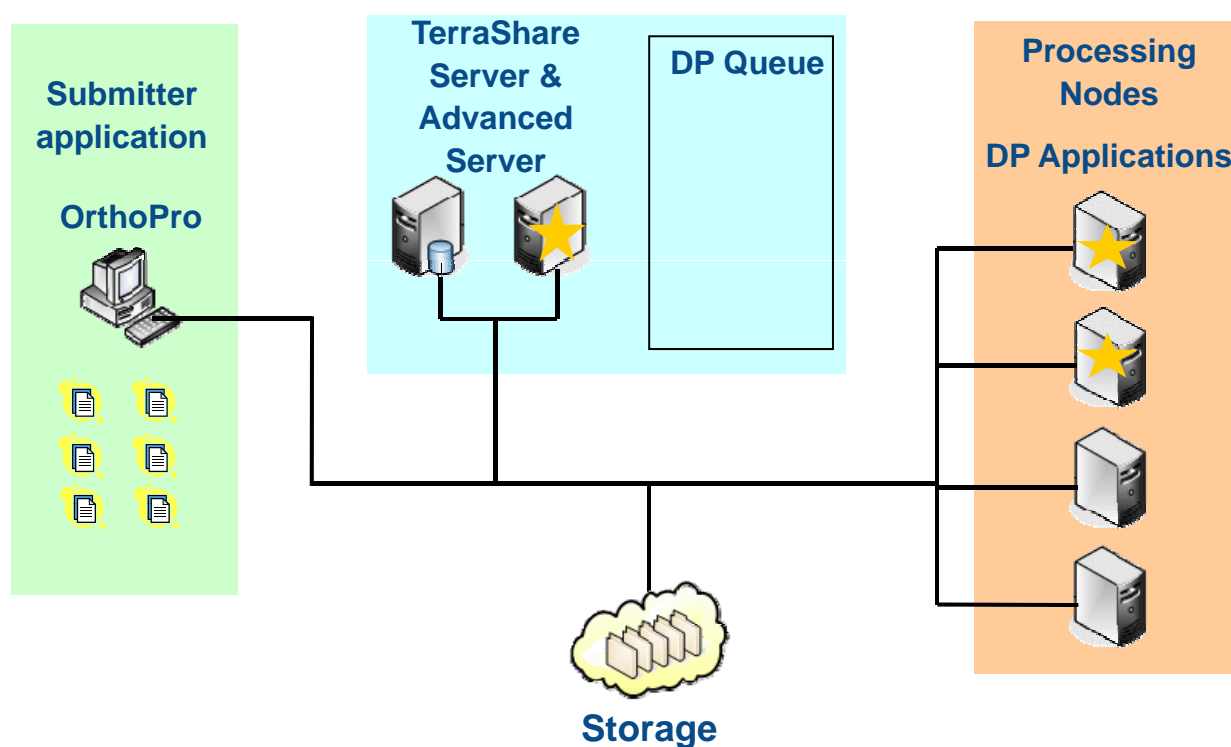




# System Configuration



## How Distributed Processing Works?





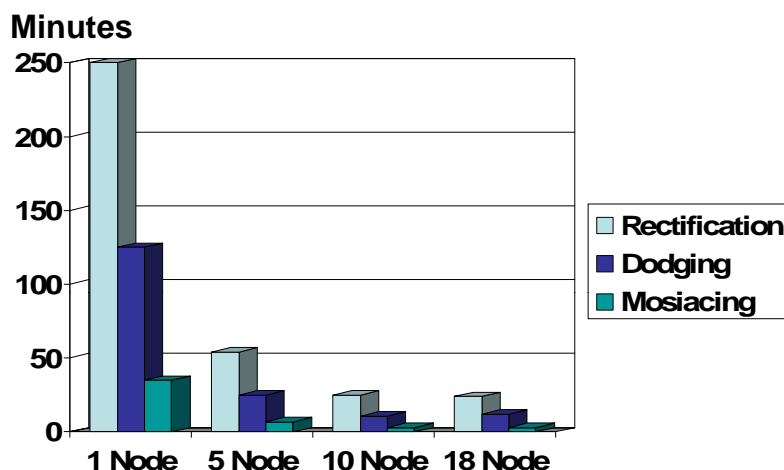
# Performance of Distributed Processing

## Project Area

- Number of Photos: 145
- Number of Products: 35
- Imagery: 8 bit RGB, ~1ft GSD
- 80% Forward Lap, 10% Side Lap

## Workstation (HP xw9300)

- Dual AMD x86 2.4GHz Processors
- 4 GB RAM
- IDE 80 GB Drives
- Gbit network
- WinXP SP 2



- Performance depends on IO, Disk & network speed, etc
- Typically encounter I/O bottlenecks with > 15-20 DP nodes
- Optimum configuration for OrthoPro is 10-15 nodes

# ImageStation PixelQue

## Finishing tools needed in orthophoto production

**Highest cost in ortho production is QA/QC**

**Inspect Images**

Name	Status
Nr_5.tif	Inspected
Nr_6.tif	Inspected
Nr_8.tif	Inspected
Nr_9.tif	Inspected
Nr_10.tif	Inspected
Nr_11.tif	Active
Nr_12.tif	Not inspected
Nr_13.tif	Not inspected
Nr_14.tif	Not inspected
Nr_15.tif	Not inspected
Nr_16.tif	Not inspected
Nr_17.tif	Not inspected
Nr_18.tif	Not inspected
Nr_21.tif	Not inspected
Nr_22.tif	Not inspected

Image zoom: 1:1

☒ Automatically set status to Inspected

Start Inspection Close

**Place Problem Marker**

Type: Vehicle

Comments:

Save Comments

Click to place first point for GPQProblemMarkers.

- Allows user to review entire image
- Errors flagged and queued
- Redline/Mark-up for rework



# ImageStation PixelQue

1. Allows user to review all images in project
  - User selects zoom factor
  - Then driven sector by sector to review entire image
  - Automatically advances to next image
2. Mark up errors and problem areas
  - Problems found may be fixed or marked up for later rework
  - User may define attribution of markers



3. Review of inspected image
  - Queued edit of problem markers
  - User corrects problems
  - User sets attribution to “fixed” after rework
4. Supports 4 band and 16bit images

## PixelQue Commands...

- Raster Fill
  - Fill user selected area
- Raster Splice
  - Copy and paste user selected area
  - From one image to another
- Pixel Clone
  - User selects source
    - Brush shape and size
    - Feathering and Opacity
  - Copies to target
- Local Warp
  - Remove small distortions in orthophotos due to minor DTM errors

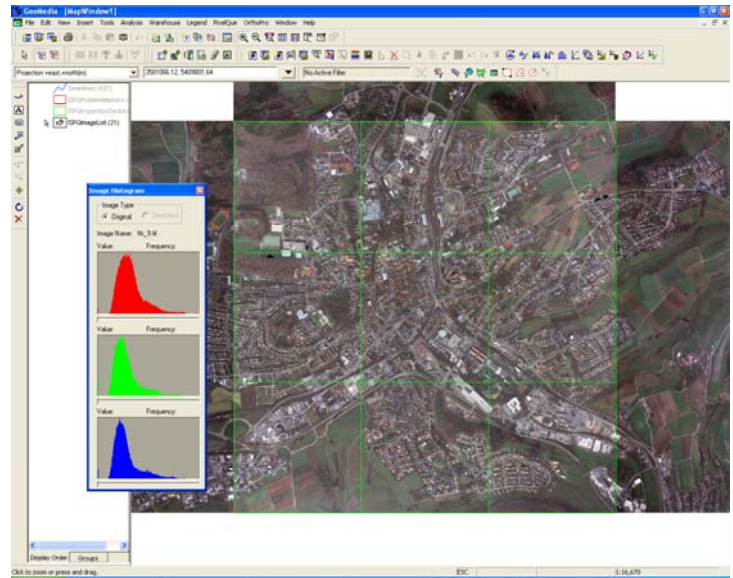
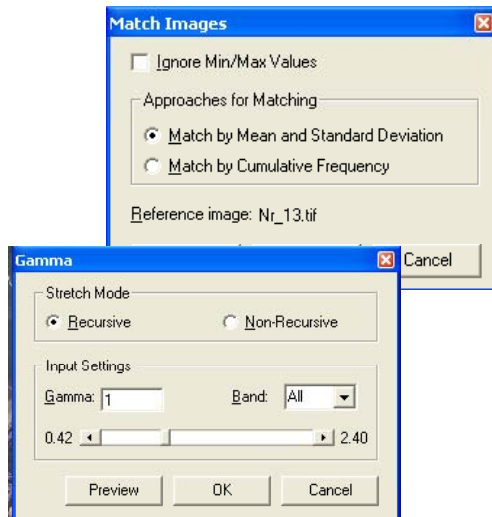


- Raster Enhance (gradient)
- Raster Undo Brush (history brush)



# PixelQue Commands

- Enhance Contrast
  - Linear Percent
  - Linear Clip
  - Equalize
  - Gamma
- Histogram
  - Collect
  - Display
- Look up tables
  - Load, Save, Reset, Apply
- Match Images



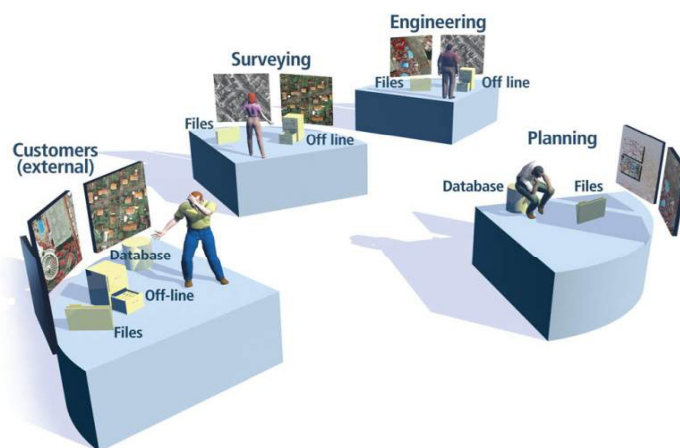
## PixelQue - Summary Key Features

- Georeferencing maintained
- Fast image loads
- Systematic inspection process helps eliminate gaps in coverage
- Apply edits to all 4 bands at the same time
- Apply Image Enhancement to MANY images at the same time
- Match many images to a single, source image
- Fast saves of images after raster editing
- Multi-user access to PixelQue Warehouse



# Production Issues

- Typical production workflow comprises a number of different software tools from different vendors
- Software/tools typically have low to no level of integration
- Processes are workstation-centric
- Big projects with large volume of data
- Mixed data (formats, resolutions, coordinate systems)
- Multiple offices and outsourcing



Hundreds of Terabytes and  
Thousands of Files

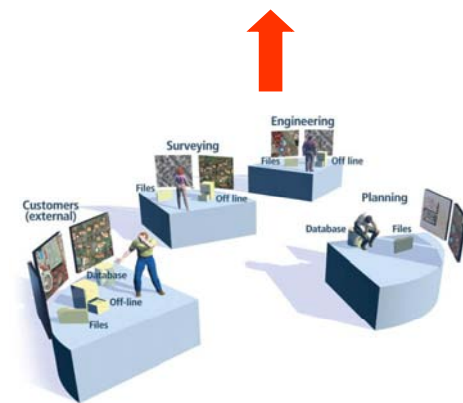
# Production Management Issues

- Is very manual (status reporting)
- Operators rely on paper tracking charts or make entries into Excel or Access tracking systems
- Operators use "file directory" to organize work
- Cannot view project status
- Inefficient - "home grown" tools and procedures to interface operations (input/output)
- Is very inefficient and error prone
- Production may stop if someone calls in sick!



# Enterprise Production System Key Features

- Disparate input data
- Unified Database & Data Management
- Multi-user Transaction Control
- Workflow Guidance
- Distributed Processing Engine
- Production Logging/Reporting Tools
- Helper Functions
- Workflow Builder Tools
- Customizable and Scaleable
- Interoperability
- Flexibility
- Ease of use
- Accuracy



## Benefits for Production Automation

- **Throughput optimization:**
  - Seamless production tracking based on on-line product generation status
  - Operators can browse the information assets via a logical folder structure, footprints, or through metadata
- **Timely feedback:**
  - Production status is almost near- to real-time (no longer reflects the past)
  - Production planning, control and reporting can be greatly simplified; and occur almost in real-time
  - Distributed processing eliminates bottlenecks in computing intensive tasks
- **Production Intelligence:**
  - Metrics from old projects can be used to optimize process, find bottlenecks

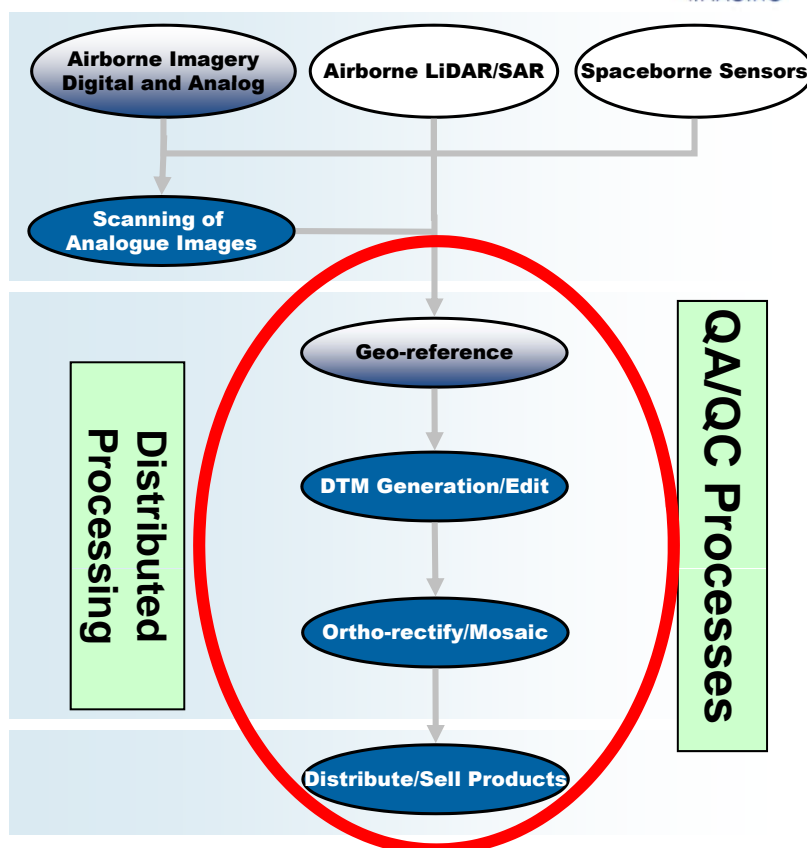




***“A highly automated ortho production process”***

## PixelPipe Overview

- **Highly Automated**
- **Production management and status review**
- **Distributed processing**
- **Scaleable, adapts to workload**
- **Automated radiometry/color balancing**
- **QA/QC Capability**
  - Errors flagged for operator attention
  - Redline/Mark-up for rework
- **Licensing**
  - By node/CPU/Metered or token usage

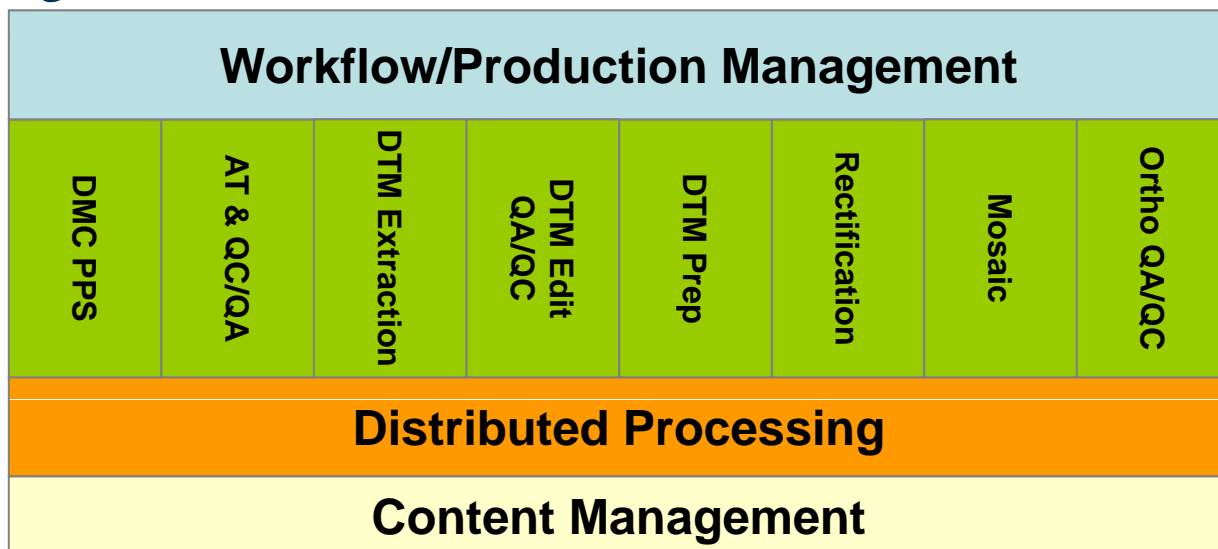




# Stepwise Implementation

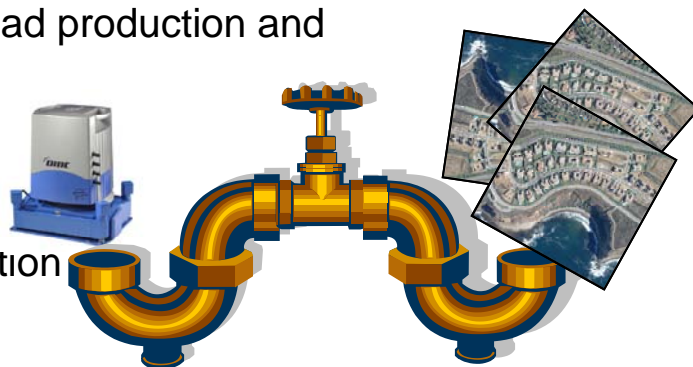


*"A highly automated ortho production process"*



## Summary

- Demand for orthophotos is very high
- PixelPipe is specifically being developed for high volume and throughput orthorectification/mosaicking production
- Directly supports the USGS orthoquad production and NAIP programs
- Highly Automated
  - Minimal operator intervention
  - Errors flagged for operator attention
- Distributed processing
  - Flexible and scalable
- Automated radiometry/color balancing
- QA/QC
  - Redline/Mark-up for rework
  - Queue for rework





# Thank you for your attention.

## Questions and Comments?

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## Performance of Distributed processing



### Rectification process

- 819 Images
- 294 DTMs

